

# Computational Materials Science (計算材料学特論)

[http://d2mate.mdxes.iir.isct.ac.jp/D2MatE/D2MatE\\_programs.html?page=cms](http://d2mate.mdxes.iir.isct.ac.jp/D2MatE/D2MatE_programs.html?page=cms)



Lecture materials for numerical analyses (by Kamiya)

数値解析に関する講義資料・pythonプログラム (神谷担当分)

## Update News:

- June 21, 16:25, 2026: Lecture materials for June 23 has been uploaded: [course\\_materials.zip](#)
- June 19, 10:49, 2026: Final version: Lecture materials for June 19 has been updated: [course\\_materials.zip](#)
- June 16, 15:38, 2026: Final version: Lecture materials for June 16 has been updated: [course\\_materials.zip](#)
- June 12, 17:17, 2026: Final version: Lecture materials for June 12 has been updated: [course\\_materials.zip](#)

## FY2026

#03 June 23, 2026: Smoothing (平滑化), Linear least-squares method (線形最小二乗法)  
(方程式の解法)

Course materials (Lecture slides and python programs):

- [course\\_materials.zip](#)

## 5-8min audio guide:

- 日本語:  0:00 / 5:56  (VOICEVOX 四国めたん&ずんだもん)
- English:  0:00 / 6:12 

**We would wait for five minutes (i.e., till 8:55).**

**In meantime**

- **download the latest lecture materials (updated June 21st)**

- **hear the short audio guide.**

**English and Japanese versions available**

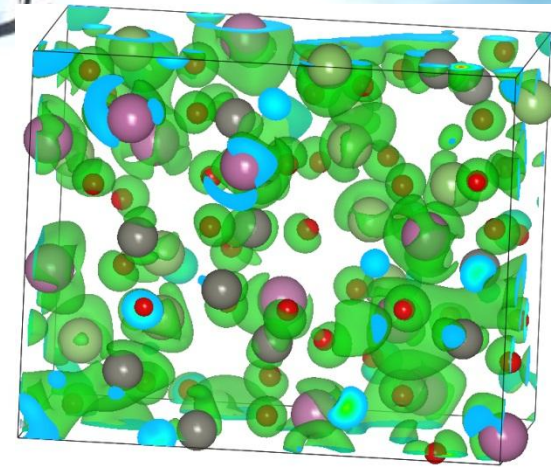
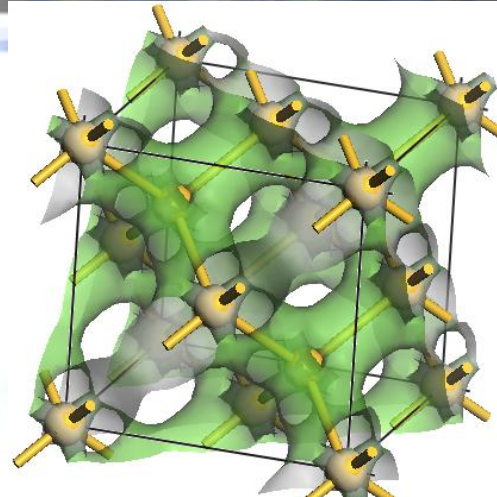
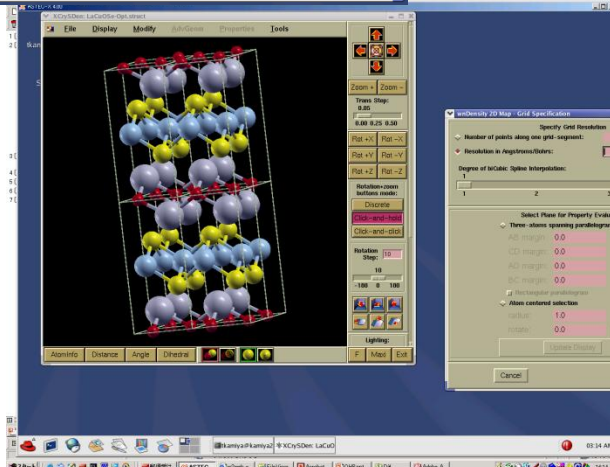
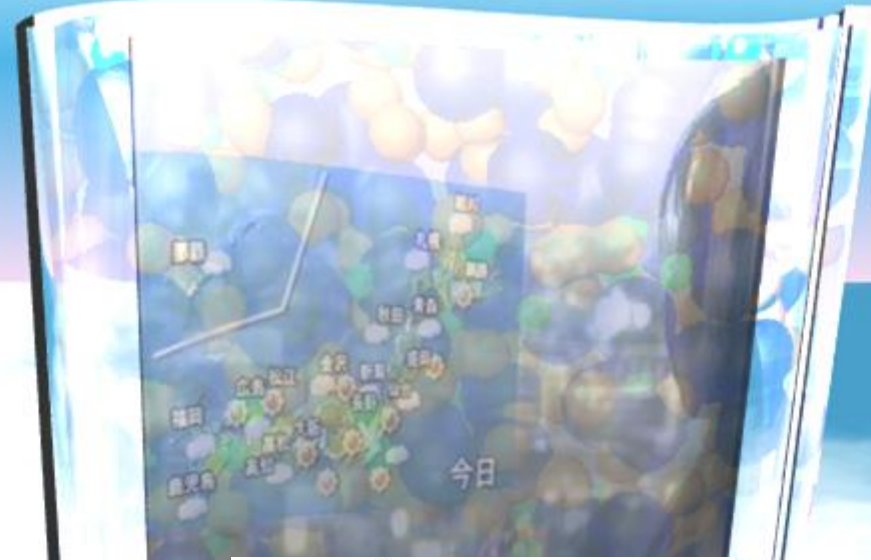
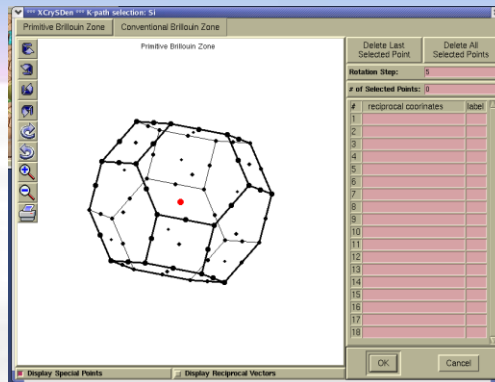
#03 June 19, 2026: Differential equation (微分方程式), Interpolation (補間), Smoothing (平滑化)

Course materials (Lecture slides and python programs):

# Computational Materials Science

## 計算材料学特論

Toshio Kamiya  
神谷利夫



# Class Schedule

Lecture materials (Kamiya's part): <http://d2mate.mdxes.iir.isct.ac.jp/D2MatE/?page=cms>

授業 6月10日(水)~7月28日(火), 7月30日(木) 月曜の授業 7月23日(木) 期末試験・補講 7月29日(水), 7月31日(金)~8月6日(木)

- #01 June 12 (Fri) Kamiya (Fundamentals of computer, Sources of error (コンピュータの基礎、誤差), Numerical differentiation (数値微分))
- #02 June 16 (Tue) Kamiya (Numerical differentiation (数値微分), Numerical integration (数値積分), Differential equation (微分方程式))
- #03 June 19 (Fri) Kamiya (Differential equation (微分方程式), Molecular dynamics (分子動力学法), Interpolation (補間), Smoothing (平滑化))
- #04 June 23 (Tue) Kamiya (Smoothing (平滑化), Linear least-squares method (線形最小二乗法), Numerical solutions of equations (方程式の数値解法))
- #05 June 26 (Fri) Kamiya (Numerical solutions of equations (方程式の数値解法), Nonlinear optimization (非線形最適化), Fourier transformation (フーリエ変換))
- #06 June 30 (Tue) Kamiya, Matrix (行列)
- #07 July 3 (Fri) Kamiya, Review (復習)
- #08 July 7 (Tue) Sasagawa (Review of quantum theory 1: 量子論おさらい1)
- #09 July 10 (Fri) Sasagawa (Review of quantum theory 2: 量子論おさらい2)
- #10 July 14 (Tue) Sasagawa (First principles calculations: basics 1 第一原理計算:基礎1)
- #11 July 17 (Fri) Sasagawa (First principles calculations: basics 2 第一原理計算:基礎2)
- #12 July 2 (Fri) Sasagawa (First principles calc.: applications 1 第一原理計算:応用1)
- #13 July 24 (Fri) Sasagawa (First principles calc.: applications 2 第一原理計算:応用2)
- #14 July 28 (Fri) Sasagawa (Classical and Quantum Computers 古典および量子コンピュータ)

# **Explanation of the answers**

**課題解答の解説**

# PROBLEM, June 23

- **Answer in English or Japanese**
- **Submit electronic file(s) via LMS until the midnight of June 24**  
(If LMS doesn't work, send the files to [kamiya.t.aa@m.titech.ac.jp](mailto:kamiya.t.aa@m.titech.ac.jp).  
In this case, file name must include your **STUDENT ID** and **FULL NAME**)
- **Common formats (.pdf, .txt., .docx, .xlsx, .pptx) are acceptable, but NO APPLE-ONLY files**

## **PROBLEM:**

**Smoothen the data DOS(E) in dos.xlsx**

**by simple moving average method and polynomial fit method.**

**Add them and plot the raw DOS(E) and the smoothed data in an Excel file.**

**You can choose smoothing parameters as you like, but explicitly describe them.  
Submit the excel file.**

**Optional: Any questions and impressions of the lecture style are welcome  
Request of other numerical methods for the last day, July 3rd**

# PROBLEM, June 23

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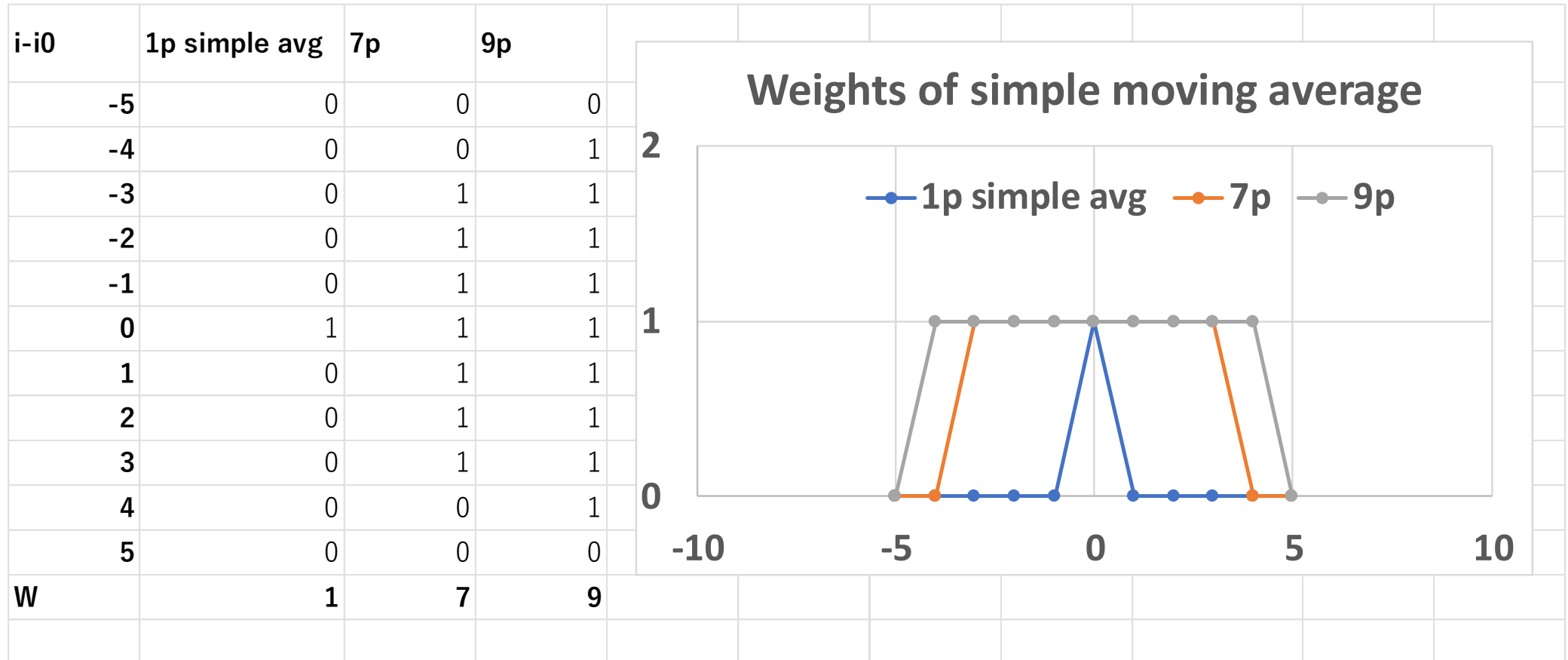
See [dos\\_smoothing\\_answer.xlsx](#)

# Smoothing

## Simple moving average (2m+1 points)

$$y_{i,smoothed} = \frac{1}{2m+1} \sum_{j=i-m}^{i+m} y_j = \sum_{j=i-m}^{i+m} w_j y_j$$

### Weight $w_j/W$



# Smoothing

## Order 2 and 3 polynomial fit using $(2m+1)$ points

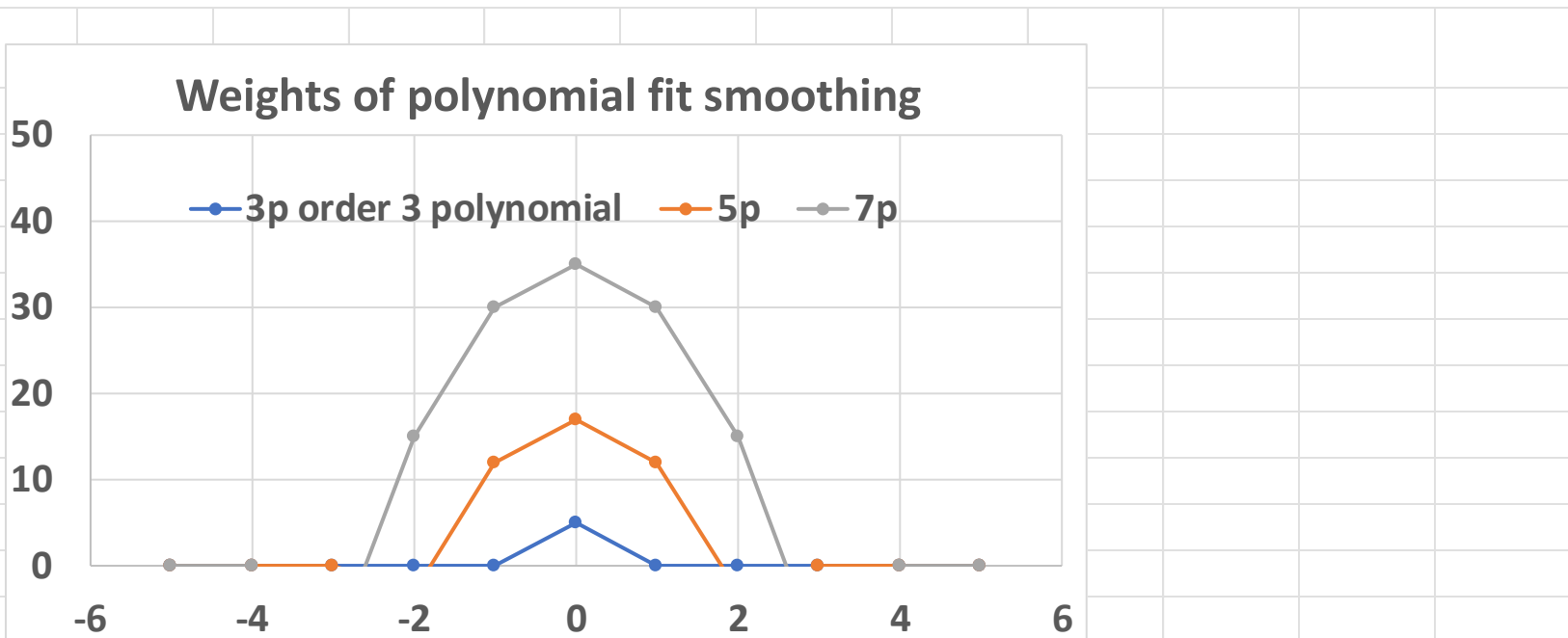
$$w_{23}(j) = 3m(m+1) - 1 - 5j^2 \quad j = -m, \dots, -1, 0, 1, \dots, m$$

$$W_{23} = (4m^2 - 1)(2m + 3)/3$$

$$y_{i,smoothed} = \frac{1}{W_{23}} \sum_{j=i-m}^{i+m} w_{23}(j) y_j$$

Weight  $w_{23}(j)/W$

i-i0	3p order 3 polynomial	5p	7p
-5	0	0	0
-4	0	0	0
-3	0	0	-10
-2	0	-3	15
-1	0	12	30
0	5	17	35
1	0	12	30
2	0	-3	15
3	0	0	-10
4	0	0	0
5	0	0	0
W	5	35	105



# A smart answer by student

## Use Excel matrix functions:

See “**7p(transpose+mmult)**” column in dos\_smoothing\_answer.xlsx

**mmult**(range1, range2):

Multiply matrixes (vectors) given in the ranges range1 and range2

**transpose**(range1)

Transpose the matrix (vector) given in the range1

## Use Excel product sum:

See “**7p(sum)**” column in dos\_smoothing\_answer.xlsx

=SUM(**\$B2:\$B12\*M\$3:M\$13**)/SUM(M\$3:M\$13)

## Use Excel product sum function:

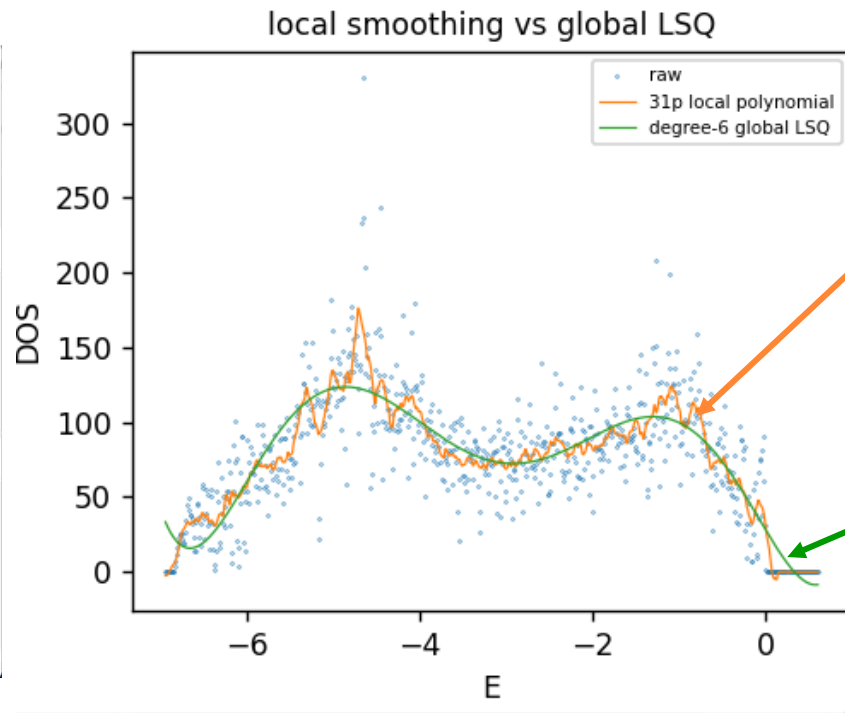
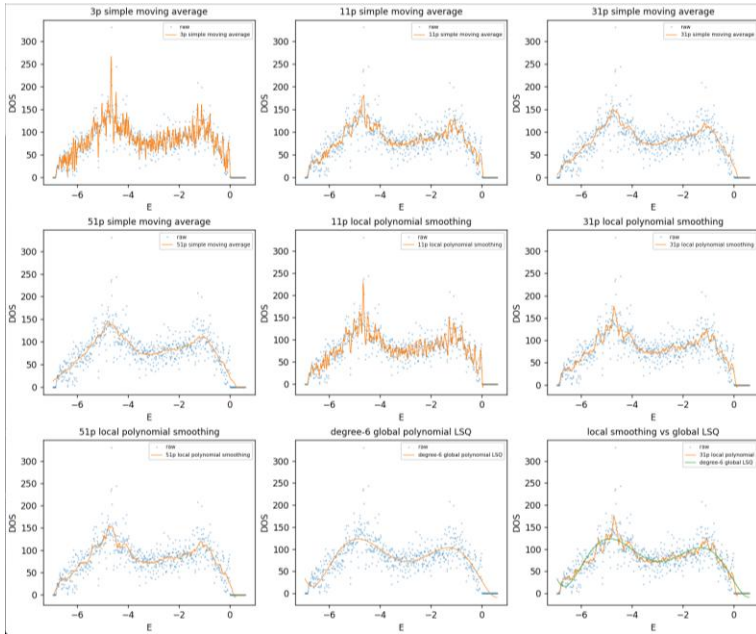
See “**7p(sumproduct)**” column in dos\_smoothing\_answer.xlsx

**SUMPRODUCT**(range1, range2):

Calculate the dot product of two vectors given in range1 and range2

# Compare local polynomial smoothing and global polynomial LSQ fitting

> Python [smoothing-answer.py](#)



## Local polynomial smoothing:

- Polynomial coefficients do not have physical meaning
- Different polynomials are used for different data points.
- Reduces noise while retaining some fine structures.

## Global polynomial lsq:

- One polynomial is fitted to all data points.
- Gives a smooth global trend.
- Very smooth, but can lose fine structures.

移動窓多項式平滑化

**moving-window** polynomial smoothing  
Different polynomials are used for different data point

局所多項式平滑化

**local** polynomial smoothing

Savitzky–Golay平滑化

Savitzky–Golay smoothing/filter

One of moving poly smoothing

全域多項式最小二乘近似

**global** polynomial least-squares fitting

One polynomial is fitted to all data points

# PROBLEM, June 26

- **Answer in English or Japanese**
- **Submit electronic file(s) via LMS by midnight on June 28**  
(If LMS doesn't work, send the files to [kamiya.t.aa@m.titech.ac.jp](mailto:kamiya.t.aa@m.titech.ac.jp).  
In this case, file name must include your **STUDENT ID** and **FULL NAME**)
- **Common formats (.pdf, .txt., .docx, .xlsx, .pptx) are acceptable, but NO APPLE-ONLY files**

## **PROBLEM:**

**Solve  $5\cos(x) - x = 0$ .**

- Plot the functions  $y = 5\cos(x)$  and  $y = x$  in the range  $x = 0 - 3$ , find an initial  $x$  for Newton-Raphson method.**
- Solve  $5\cos(x) - x = 0$  by Newton-Raphson method at least with four significant digits.**

**Additional mandatory item: Choose one of the following**

- Write any question, comment, opinion, or impression about the lectures**
- Propose if you have any numerical analysis method / simple python program that you would like to learn**